UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

> March 7, 2023 Date of Report (date of earliest event reported)

First Watch Restaurant Group, Inc.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

001-40866 (Commission File Number)

82-4271369 (I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

8725 Pendery Place, Suite 201, Bradenton, FL 34201

(Address of principal executive offices and zip code) (941) 907-9800

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Check the appropriate box below if the I	orm 8-K filing is intended	to simultaneously satisfy	the filing obligation of t	the registrant under any	of the following provisions:

Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))

Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class Common stock, \$0.01 par value Trading Symbol

Name of each exchange on which registered The Nasdaq Stock Market LLC

FWRG

(Nasdaq Global Select Market)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Emerging growth company \square

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If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. \boxtimes

Item 2.02 - Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On March 7, 2023, First Watch Restaurant Group, Inc. (the "Company") issued a press release announcing its financial results for the fourth fiscal quarter and fiscal year ended December 25, 2022. A copy of the release is attached as Exhibit 99.1.

Item 7.01 Regulation FD Disclosure.

The Company has also posted a supplemental information presentation to its website at investors.firstwatch.com, which is attached as Exhibit 99.2 and incorporated herein by reference.

The information furnished in this Current Report on Form 8-K, including Exhibit 99.1 and Exhibit 99.2, shall not be deemed to be "filed" for the purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section. The information in this Current Report shall not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, whether made before or after the date of this Current Report, regardless of any general incorporation language in the filing.

Item 9.01 - Financial Statements and Exhibits.

(d) Exhibits.

 Exhibit No.
 Description

 99.1
 Press Release of First Watch Restaurant Group, Inc. dated March 7, 2023

 99.2
 Supplemental Information Presentation for the fourth fiscal quarter and fiscal year ended December 25, 2022

 104
 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document)

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized on this 7th day of March, 2023.

First Watch Restaurant Group, Inc. (Registrant)

/s/ Mel Hope Mel Hope By:

Name: Chief Financial Officer and Treasurer Title:



First Watch Restaurant Group, Inc. Reports Strong 2022 Financial Results and Provides 2023 Outlook

- Total revenues of \$730.2 million, up 21.5% and System-wide sales of \$914.8 million, up 21.9%
- Same-restaurant sales growth of 14.5% and Same-restaurant traffic growth of 7.7% Income from operations margin of 2.4% and Restaurant level operating profit margin of 17.9%
- 43 system-wide restaurants opened across 16 states

BRADENTON, Fla. — March 7, 2023 — First Watch Restaurant Group, Inc. (NASDAQ: FWRG) ("First Watch" or the "Company"), the leading Daytime Dining concept serving breakfast, brunch and lunch, today reported financial results for the thirteen weeks ended December 25, 2022 ("Q4 2022") and fiscal year ended December 25, 2022 ("2022") compared to the thirteen weeks ended December 26, 2021 ("Q4 2021") and fiscal year ending December 31, 2023 ("2023").

"First Watch delivered another impressive year in 2022, achieving a 21.5% increase in total revenues and same-restaurant sales and traffic growth of 14.5% and 7.7%, respectively, when compared to a strong 2021," said Chris Tomasso, First Watch CEO and President. "We're off to an encouraging start to 2023, with same-restaurant sales and traffic growth of 15.7% and 8.5%, respectively through the first two periods of the quarter. 2023 also marks our 40th operating year and I'm not only proud of all First Watch has accomplished since we opened our doors in 1983, but optimistic about what we are poised to achieve."

Highlights for Q4 2022 compared to Q4 2021:

- Total revenues increased 14.2% to \$185.7 million in Q4 2022 from \$162.6 million in Q4 2021
- System-wide sales increased 15.6% to \$234.2 million in Q4 2022 from \$202.7 million in Q4 2021 Same-restaurant sales growth of 7.7% (up 29.3% relative to Q4 2019')
- Same-restaurant traffic growth of (0.6)% (up 5.2% relative to Q4 2019*)
- Income from operations of \$1.5 million and Income from operations margin of 0.8% in Q4 2022 compared to Loss from operations of \$(1.1) million and Loss from operations margin of (0.7)% in Q4 2021,
- Restaurant level operating profit* and Restaurant level operating profit margin* of \$30.5 million and 16.7% in Q4 2022 compared to \$29.2 million and 18.2% in Q4 2021, respectively Net loss improved to \$(0.5) million in Q4 2022 compared to \$(4.7) million in Q4 2021

- Adjusted EBITDA" increased to \$15.1 million in Q4 2022 from \$14.2 million in Q4 2021 from \$14.2 million in Q4 2021 (10 company-owned and 5 franchise-owned) across 12 states, resulting in a total of 474 system-wide restaurants (366 company-owned and 108 franchise-owned) across

Highlights for 2022 compared to 2021:

- Total revenues increased 21.5% to \$730.2 million in 2022 from \$601.2 million in 2021
- System-wide sales increased 21.9% to \$914.8 million in 2022 from \$750.7 million in 2021 Same-restaurant sales growth of 14.5% (up 29.6% relative to 2019*)

 Same-restaurant traffic growth of 7.7% (up 6.5% relative to 2019*)

- Income from operations and Income from operations margin of \$16.9 million and 2.4% compared to \$22.2 million and 3.8% in 2021, respectively
 Restaurant level operating profit** and Restaurant level operating profit* margin** of \$128.9 million and 17.9% compared to \$115.4 million and 19.5% in 2021, respectively
 Net income of \$6.9 million compared to Net loss of \$(2.1) million in 2021
 Adjusted EBITDA** increased to \$69.3 million from \$66.3 million in 2021
 Opened 43 eventom with restrictions (20.2)

- Opened 43 system-wide restaurants (29 company-owned and 14 franchise-owned) across 16 states resulting in a total of 474 system-wide restaurants (366 company-owned and 108 franchise-owned) across 29 states
 - * Comparison to the thirteen weeks ended December 29, 2019 ("Q4 2019") and fiscal year ended December 29, 2019 ("2019") is presented for enhanced comparability due to the economic impact of COVID-19
 ** See "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" below

Outlook Fiscal Year 2023

The Company provides the following outlook for the 53-week fiscal year ended December 31, 2023:

- Same-restaurant sales growth of 6.0% to 8.0% with continued positive same-restaurant traffic growth Total revenue growth of 15.0% to 19.0%

- Adjusted EBITDA* in the range of \$76.0 million to \$81.0 million

 Total of 45-51 new system-wide restaurants, net of 3 company-owned restaurant closures (38 to 42 new company-owned restaurants and 10 to 12 new franchise-owned restaurants)
- Capital expenditures in the range of \$100.0 million to \$110.0 million invested primarily in new restaurant projects and planned remodels
- Blended tax rate of 36.0% to 38.0%

The Company reiterates its long-term annual financial targets as follows:

- Percentage unit growth in the low double digits
- Same-restaurant sales growth of ~3.5% Restaurant sales growth in the mid-teens
- Adjusted EBITDA percentage growth in the mid-teens

The Company also believes that the brand has the potential for more than 2,200 restaurants in the U.S.

"We have not reconciled guidance for Adjusted EBITDA to the corresponding GAAP financial measure because we do not provide guidance for the various reconciling items. We are unable to provide guidance for these reconciling items because we cannot determine their probable significance, as certain items are outside of our control and cannot be reasonably predicted due to the fact that these items could vary significantly from period to period. Accordingly, reconciliations to the corresponding GAAP financial measure is not available without unreasonable effort.

Q4 2022 Financial Results

Total revenues increased 14.2% to \$185.7 million in Q4 2022 from \$162.6 million in Q4 2021 primarily due to (i) same-restaurant sales growth of 7.7% driven by an increase in average check per person of 8.3% and the increase in third-party delivery sales, (ii) \$12.3 million from our 29 new company-owned restaurants and (iii) the increase of \$0.5 million in franchise revenues primarily due to higher sales from franchise-owned restaurants and 14 new franchise-owned restaurants. The increase was partially offset by the slight decline in same-restaurant traffic growth primarily due to Hurricane lan, which forced temporary closures of 85 restaurants in the Southeast.

Income from operations of \$1.5 million in Q4 2022 compared to Loss from operations of \$(1.1) million in Q4 2021 was primarily due to (i) the increase in total revenues, (ii) stock compensation expense of \$5.3 million recorded in Q4 2021 in connection with modifications of certain stock option awards and (iii) lower marketing expense.

The increase was partially offset by (i) higher food and beverage costs, restaurant-level wages and staffing levels and other operating expenses driven by the increase in restaurant sales and restaurant unit growth, (ii) higher general and administrative expenses mainly due to the increase in staffing levels, recruiting and training, consulting services associated with being a public company and costs related to strategic and growth initiatives, as well as (iii) the gain of \$2.0 million recognized in Q4 2021 related to a lease termination for the redevelopment of a restaurant facility by a landlord.

Income from operations margin of 0.8% in Q4 2022 compared to Loss from operations margin of (0.7)% in Q4 2021 was primarily due to (i) lower general and administrative expenses mainly due to stock-based compensation expense recorded in Q4 2021 in connection with modifications of certain stock option awards, (ii) leveraging increased restaurant sales and (iii) menu price increases.

This was partially offset by (i) the increase in restaurant-level wages and staffing levels and (ii) the gain of \$2.0 million recognized in Q4 2021 related to a lease termination for the redevelopment of a restaurant facility by a landlord.

Restaurant level operating profit increased to \$30.5 million in Q4 2022 from \$29.2 million in Q4 2021 primarily due to same-restaurant sales growth of 7.7% driven by the increase in average check per person and the increase in third-party delivery sales. This was partially offset by (i) inflation across commodities and supplies, (ii) the increase in restaurant-level wages and staffing, other operating expenses and occupancy expenses mainly driven by restaurant growth and (iii) the increase in pre-opening expenses driven by the increase in the number of new restaurant openings as well as restaurants that are expected to open in 2023.

Restaurant level operating profit margin decreased to 16.7% in Q4 2022 from 18.2% in Q4 2021 primarily due to (i) inflation across supplies and commodities and (ii) the increase in restaurant-level wages and staffing. This was partially offset by menu price increases.

Net loss improved to \$(0.5) million in Q4 2022 from \$(4.7) million in Q4 2021 primarily due to (i) income from operations and (ii) the \$2.4 million loss on extinguishment of debt recognized in 2021 in connection with the full repayment of our previous debt. This was partially offset by higher income tax expense, which was mainly driven by the Company's increased profitability.

Adjusted EBITDA in Q4 2022 increased to \$15.1 million from \$14.2 million in Q4 2021 primarily due to the increase in restaurant level operating profit, which was partially offset by higher general and administrative expenses. The increase in general and administrative expenses was mainly driven by the increase in (i) staffing levels, (ii) recruiting and training, (iii) consulting services associated with being a public company and (iv) costs related to strategic and growth initiatives. The increase in general and administrative expenses was partially offset by lower marketing expense.

New Restaurant Openings during Q4 2022 included 11 company-owned and 5 franchise-owned restaurants. During the fiscal year ended December 25, 2022, there was a total of 43 new system-wide

restaurants (29 company-owned and 14 franchise-owned) across 16 states resulting in a total of 474 system-wide restaurants (366 company-owned and 108 franchise-owned) across 29 states.

For additional financial information related to the fiscal year ended December 25, 2022, refer to the Company's Annual Report on Form 10-K filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on March 7, 2023, which can be accessed at https://investors.firstwatch.com in the Financials & Filings section.

Conference Call and Webcast

Chris Tomasso, Chief Executive Officer and President, and Mel Hope, Chief Financial Officer, will host a conference call and webcast today to discuss these financial results for Q4 2022 at 8:00 AM ET.

Interested parties may listen to the conference call via any one of three options:

- Dial 412-317-5208, which will be answered by an operator
 Pre-register by entering your information at this Call me™ link and entering the following Call me™ passcode to receive a direct call for instant access to the event: 6644352
 Join the webcast at https://investors.firstwatch.com/news-and-events/events

The webcast will be archived shortly after the call has concluded.

Definitions

The following definitions apply to these terms as used in this release:

System-wide restaurants: the total number of restaurants, including all company-owned and franchise- owned restaurants.

System-wide sales: consists of restaurant sales from our company-owned restaurants and franchise-owned restaurants. We do not recognize the restaurant sales from our franchise-owned restaurants as revenue.

Same-restaurant sales growth: the percentage change in year-over-year restaurant sales (excluding gift card breakage) for the comparable restaurant base, which is defined as the number of company-owned First Watch branded restaurants open for 18 months or longer as of the beginning of the fiscal year ("Comparable Restaurant Base"). At December 25, 2022, there were 301 restaurants in the one-year Comparable Restaurant Base and 207 restaurants in the three-year Comparable Restaurant Base.

Same-restaurant traffic growth: the percentage change in traffic counts as compared to the same period in the prior year using the Comparable Restaurant Base. At December 25, 2022, there were 301 restaurants in the one-year Comparable Restaurant Base and 207 restaurants in the three-year Comparable Restaurant Base.

Adjusted EBITDA: a non-GAAP measure, is defined as net income (loss) before depreciation and amortization, interest expense, income taxes and items that the Company does not consider in the evaluation of its ongoing core operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA margin: a non-GAAP measure, is defined as Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of total revenues.

Restaurant level operating profit: a non-GAAP measure, is defined as restaurant sales, less restaurant operating expenses, which include food and beverage costs, labor and other related expenses, other restaurant operating expenses, pre-opening expenses and occupancy expenses. In addition, Restaurant level operating profit excludes corporate-level expenses and items that are not considered in the Company's evaluation of its ongoing core operating performance.

Restaurant level operating profit margin: a non-GAAP measure, is defined as Restaurant level operating profit as a percentage of restaurant sales.

About First Watch

First Watch is an award-winning Daytime Dining concept serving made-to-order breakfast, brunch and lunch using fresh ingredients. A recipient of hundreds of local "Best Breakfast" and "Best Brunch" accolades, First Watch's chef-driven menu includes elevated executions of classic favorites along with First Watch specialties such as the protein-packed Quinoa Power Bowl®, Farmstand Breakfast Tacos, Avocado Toast, Chickichanga, Morning Meditation (juiced in-house daily), Vodka Kale Tonic and its famous Million Dollar Bacon. In 2022, First Watch was awarded a sought-after MenuMasters honor by Nation's Restaurant News for its seasonal Braised Short Rib Omelet, recognized with ADP's coveted Culture at Work award and named a Top 100 Most Loved Workplace® by Newsweek and the Best Practice Institute. In 2021, First Watch was recognized as FSR Magazine's Best Menu and as the fastest-growing full-service restaurant chain based on unit growth. There are more than 470 First Watch restaurants in 29 states and the restaurant concept is majority owned by Advent International, one of the world's largest private-equity firms. For more information, visit www.firstwatch.com.

Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical information, this release contains a number of "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Forward-looking statements include, without initiation, information concerning First Watch's possible or assumed future results of operation, new restaurant openings, business strategies, competitive position, industry environment, potential growth opportunities and the effects of regulation. When used in this press release, the words "estimates," "projected," expects," "anticipates," "forecasts," "plans," "intends," "believes," "seeks," "target," and variations of these words or similar expressions (or the negative versions of such words or expressions) are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in this press release are based on our current expectations and assumptions regarding our business, the economy and other future conditions. Because forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements include the future, by their nature, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. As a result, our actual results may differ materially from those contemplated by the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results of idiffer materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results of idiffer materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results of idiffer materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results of idiffer materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results of idiffer materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual pressibility from the intervent of the forward-looking statements. Forward-looking statements in the forward-lo

Investor Relations Contact

Steve L. Marotta 941-500-1918 investors@firstwatch.com

Media Relations Contact

FirstWatch@icrinc.com

Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Unaudited)

To supplement the consolidated financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), we use non-GAAP measures, which present operating results on an adjusted basis. These supplemental measures of performance that are not required by or presented in accordance with GAAP include the following: (i) Adjusted EBITDA, (ii) Adjusted EBITDA margin, (iii) Restaurant level operating profit and (iv) Restaurant level operating profit margin (collectively, the "non-GAAP financial measures"). Our presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures includes isolating the effects of some items that are either nonrecurring in nature or vary from period to period without any correlation to our ongoing core operating performance. Management believes that the use of these non-GAAP financial measures provides additional transparency of our operations, facilitates analysis and comparisons of our ongoing business operations because they exclude items that may not be indicative of our ongoing operating performance, identifies operational trends and allows for greater transparency with respect to key metrics used by us in our financial and operational decision making. Our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies, have important limitations as analytical tools and may not provide a complete understanding of our performance. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as an alternative or substitute to net income (loss), income (loss) from operations, or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP, or as alternatives to cash flow from operating activities as a measure of our liquidity. These non-GAAP financial measures should be reviewed in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with GAAP.

Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA Margin

Management uses Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin (i) as factors in evaluating management's performance when determining incentive compensation, (ii) to evaluate the Company's operating results and the effectiveness of our business strategies, (iii) internally as benchmarks to compare the Company's performance to that of its competitors and (iv) to provide investors with additional transparency of the Company's operations. The use of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin as performance measures permit a comparative assessment of the Company's operating performance relative to the Company's performance based on the Company's GAAP results, while isolating the effects of some items that are either nonrecurring in nature or vary from period to period without any correlation to the Company's ongoing core operating performance.

The following tables reconcile Net income (loss) and Net income (loss) margin, the most directly comparable GAAP measures, to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin for the periods indicated:

	FOURTH QUARTER										
Depreciation and amortization Interest expense Income taxes SITDA IPO-readiness and strategic transition costs (1) Stock-based compensation (2) Loss on extinguishment of debt Transaction expenses (income), net (3) Impairments and loss on disposal of assets (4) Recruiting and relocation costs (5) Severance costs (6) Delaware Voluntary Disclosure Agreement Program (7) Costs in connection with natural disasters, net of insurance recoveries (6) COVID-19 related charges (9) Ital revenues Net loss margin	2022		2021		2020						
Net loss	\$ (486)	\$	(4,653)	\$	(7,118)						
Depreciation and amortization	8,928		8,414		7,848						
Interest expense	1,738		1,443		6,316						
Income taxes	742		(167)		(3,849)						
EBITDA	 10,922		5,037		3,197						
IPO-readiness and strategic transition costs (1)	367		647		436						
Stock-based compensation (2)	2,553		7,850		179						
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_		2,403		_						
Transaction expenses (income), net (3)	537		(1,908)		(323)						
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets (4)	348		120		33						
Recruiting and relocation costs (5)	111		18		56						
Severance costs (6)	_		_		(5)						
Delaware Voluntary Disclosure Agreement Program (7)	149		_		_						
Costs in connection with natural disasters, net of insurance recoveries (8)	115		_		_						
COVID-19 related charges (9)	_		_		(96)						
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 15,102	\$	14,167	\$	3,477						
Total revenues	\$ 185,745	\$	162,620	\$	109,393						
	(0.3)%		(2.9)%		(6.5)%						
Adjusted EBITDA margin	8.1 %		8.7 %		3.2 %						
Additional information											
Deferred rent expense (income) (10)	\$ 507	\$	(48)	\$	148						

		FISCAL YEAR	
(in thousands)	 2022	2021	2020
Net income (loss)	\$ 6,907	\$ (2,107)	\$ (49,681)
Depreciation and amortization	34,230	32,379	30,725
Interest expense	5,232	20,099	22,815
Income taxes	5,684	2,477	(19,873)
EBITDA	52,053	52,848	(16,014)
IPO-readiness and strategic transition costs (1)	2,318	2,402	4,247
Stock-based compensation (2)	10,374	8,596	750
Loss on extinguishment of debt	_	2,403	_
Transaction expenses (income), net (3)	2,513	(1,156)	(258)
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets (4)	920	381	315
Recruiting and relocation costs (5)	681	351	228
Severance costs (6)	155	265	239
Delaware Voluntary Disclosure Agreement Program (7)	149	_	_
Costs in connection with natural disasters, net of insurance recoveries (8)	115	_	_
COVID-19 related charges (9)	 _	211	 4,749
Adjusted EBITDA	\$ 69,278	\$ 66,301	\$ (5,744)
Total revenues	\$ 730,162	\$ 601,193	\$ 342,388
Net income (loss) margin	0.9 %	(0.4)%	(14.5)%
Adjusted EBITDA margin	9.5 %	11.0 %	(1.7)%
Additional information			
Deferred rent expense (income) (10)	\$ 2,418	\$ (2,011)	\$ 10,087

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(8) Represents costs incurred, net of insurance recoveries, in connection with Hurricane Ian. The costs include inventory obsolescence and spoilage, compensation for employees and support for hurricane relief, which were recorded in Food and beverage costs, Labor and other expenses and General and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

(9) Represents to costs incurred in connection with the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandems.

(10) Represents the non-cash portion of straight-line rent expense recorded within both Occupancy expenses and General and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

⁽¹⁾ Represents costs related to the assessment and redesign of our systems and processes. In 2021 and 2020, the costs also include information technology support and external professional service costs incurred in connection with IPO-readiness efforts. These costs are recorded within General and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).
(2) Represents non-cash, stock-based compensation expense which is recorded within General and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).
(3) Represents (1) revaluations of contingent consideration payable to previous stockholders for ax savings generated through the use of federal and state loss carryforwards and general business credits that had been accumulated from operations prior to August 2017, (ii) gains or losses associated with lease or contract terminations, (iii) costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of franchise-owned restaurants, (iv) costs related to restaurant closures and (v) costs related to secondary offerings of the Company's common stock.
(4) Represents costs related to the disposal of assets due to retirements, replacements, restaurant closures and natural disasters. There were no impairments recognized during the periods presented.
(5) Represents costs incurred for hiring qualified individuals as we assessed the redesign of our systems and processes. These costs are recorded within General and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (1) oss).

⁽G) Represents of Dereations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

(6) Severance costs are recorded in General and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

(7) Represents professional service costs incurred in connection with the Delaware Voluntary Disclosure Agreement Program related to unclaimed or abandoned property. These costs are recorded in General and administrative expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating profit margin

Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating profit margin are not indicative of our overall results, and because they exclude corporate-level expenses, do not accrue directly to the benefit of our stockholders. We will continue to incur such expenses in the future. Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating profit margin are important measures we use to evaluate the performance and profitability of each operating restaurant, individually and in the aggregate and to make decisions regarding future spending and other operational decisions. We believe that Restaurant level operating profit margin provide useful information about our operating results, identify operational trends and allow for transparency with respect to key metrics used by us in our financial and operational decision-making.

The following tables reconcile Income from operations and Income from operations margin, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures, to Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating profit margin for the periods indicated:

		FOURTH QUARTER	
(in thousands)	 2022	2021	2020
Income (Loss) from operations	\$ 1,479	\$ (1,067)	\$ (4,729)
Less: Franchise revenues	(2,893)	(2,413)	(1,506)
Add:			
General and administrative expenses	21,765	26,028	12,697
Depreciation and amortization	8,928	8,414	7,848
Transaction expenses (income), net (1)	537	(1,908)	(323)
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets (2)	348	120	33
Costs in connection with natural disasters ⁽³⁾	382	_	_
COVID-19 related charges (4)	_	_	14
Restaurant level operating profit	\$ 30,546	\$ 29,174	\$ 14,034
Restaurant sales	\$ 182,852	\$ 160,207	\$ 107,887
Income (Loss) from operations margin	0.8 %	(0.7)%	(4.4)%
Restaurant level operating profit margin	16.7 %	18.2 %	13.0 %
Additional information			
Deferred rent expense (5)	\$ 457	\$ (97)	\$ 163

	FISCAL YEAR											
(in thousands)	2022	2021			2020							
Income (Loss) from operations	\$ 16,913	\$	22,243	\$	(47,222)							
Less: Franchise revenues	(10,981)		(8,850)		(4,955)							
Add:												
General and administrative expenses	84,959		70,388		46,322							
Depreciation and amortization	34,230		32,379		30,725							
Transaction expenses (income), net (1)	2,513		(1,156)		(258)							
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets (2)	920		381		315							
Costs in connection with natural disasters (3)	382		_		_							
COVID-19 related charges (4)	_		19		3,309							
Restaurant level operating profit	\$ 128,936	\$	115,404	\$	28,236							
Restaurant sales	\$ 719,181	\$	592,343	\$	337,433							
Income (Loss) from operations margin	2.4 %		3.8 %		(14.0)%							
Restaurant level operating profit margin	17.9 %		19.5 %		8.4 %							
Additional information												
Deferred rent expense (income) (5)	\$ 2,219	\$	(2,075)	\$	10,029							

(1) Represents (i) revaluations of contingent consideration payable to previous stockholders for tax savings generated through the use of federal and state loss carryforwards and general business credits that had been accumulated from operations prior to August 2017, (ii) gains or losses associated with lease or contract terminations, (iii) costs incurred in connection with the acquisition of franchise-owned restaurants, (iv) costs related to restaurant closures and (v) costs related to secondary offerings of the Company's common stock.
(2) Represents costs leated to the disposal of assets due to retirements, replacements, certain restaurant closures and natural disasters. There were no impairments recognized during the periods presented.
(3) Represents costs incurred in connection with Hurricane lan. The costs include inventory obsolescence and spoilage as well as compensation for employees, which were recorded in Food and beverage costs and Labor and other expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).
(4) Represents costs incurred in connection with the economic impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.
(5) Represents the non-cash portion of straight-line rent expense recorded within Occupancy expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss).

FIRST WATCH RESTAURANT GROUP, INC.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE LOSS
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)
(Unaudited)

	(Orlaudited)				
		2022	2021		2020
Revenues:					
Restaurant sales	\$	182,852	\$ 160,207	\$	107,887
Franchise revenues		2,893	2,413	3	1,506
Total revenues		185,745	162,620	<u> </u>	109,393
Operating costs and expenses:					
Restaurant operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below):					
Food and beverage costs		43,361	37,818	3	23,935
Labor and other related expenses		63,166	52,581		36,253
Other restaurant operating expenses		28,715	25,500)	20,356
Occupancy expenses		15,601	14,397	•	12,626
Pre-opening expenses		1,845	737	•	697
General and administrative expenses		21,765	26,028	3	12,697
Depreciation and amortization		8,928	8,414	ļ	7,848
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets		348	120)	33
Transaction expenses (income), net		537	(1,908	5)	(323)
Total operating costs and expenses		184,266	163,687	,	114,122
Income (Loss) from operations		1,479	(1,067	<u>')</u>	(4,729)
Interest expense		(1,738)	(1,443	i)	(6,316)
Other income (expense), net		515	(2,310	1)	78
Income (Loss) before income taxes		256	(4,820))	(10,967)
Income tax (expense) benefit		(742)	167	7	3,849
Net loss and total comprehensive loss	\$	(486)	\$ (4,653	\$) \$	(7,118)
Net loss per common share - basic and diluted	\$	(0.01)			(0.16)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic and diluted		59,193,779	57,814,630)	45,013,784

FIRST WATCH RESTAURANT GROUP, INC.
CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS)
(IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT SHARE AND PER SHARE DATA)

			FIS	SCAL YEAR	
		2022		2021	2020
Revenues:					
Restaurant sales	\$	719,181	\$	592,343	\$ 337,433
Franchise revenues		10,981		8,850	4,955
Total revenues		730,162	·	601,193	342,388
Operating costs and expenses:					
Restaurant operating expenses (exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below):					
Food and beverage costs		172,561		134,201	76,975
Labor and other related expenses		238,257		189,167	120,380
Other restaurant operating expenses		114,476		94,847	61,821
Occupancy expenses		59,919		55,433	49,450
Pre-opening expenses		5,414		3,310	3,880
General and administrative expenses		84,959		70,388	46,322
Depreciation and amortization		34,230		32,379	30,725
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets		920		381	315
Transaction expenses (income), net		2,513		(1,156)	(258)
Total operating costs and expenses	·	713,249		578,950	389,610
Income (Loss) from operations		16,913		22,243	 (47,222)
Interest expense		(5,232)		(20,099)	(22,815)
Other income (expense), net		910		(1,774)	483
Income (Loss) before income taxes	-	12,591		370	(69,554)
Income tax (expense) benefit		(5,684)		(2,477)	19,873
Net income (loss) and total comprehensive income (loss)	\$	6,907	\$	(2,107)	\$ (49,681)
Net income (loss) per common share - basic	\$	0.12	\$	(0.04)	\$ (1.10)
Net income (loss) per common share - diluted	\$	0.11		(0.04)	(1.10)
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - basic	·	59,097,512		48,213,995	45,013,784
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - diluted		60,140,045		48,213,995	45,013,784

Same-Restaurant Sales Growth and Same-Restaurant Traffic Growth

THIRTEEN WEEKS ENDED	SAME-RESTAURANT SALES GROWTH	SAME-RESTAURANT TRAFFIC GROWTH	COMPARABLE RESTAURANT BASE
December 25, 2022	7.7 %	(0.6)%	301
December 26, 2021	36.7 %	31.9 %	269
December 27, 2020	(11.3)%	(19.1)%	212
December 29, 2019	4.6 %	0.2 %	168



CAUTIONARY NOTE ON FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS AND NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES



Forward-Looking Statements

In addition to historical information, this presentation may contain a number of "floward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995, Forward-looking statements include, without limitation, information concerning first Watch Restaurant Group, Inc.'s ("First Watch") possible or assumed future results of operations, new restaurant openings, business strategies, competitive position, industry environment, potential growth opportunities and the effects of regulation. These statements are based on First Watch's current expectations and beliefs, as well as a number of assumptions concerning future events. When used in this presentation, the words "estimates," "projected," "expected," "anticipates," "hiends," "fleetings," "intends," "felicies," "intends," "felicies," "involud," "future," "propose," "prejudiance," "on track" and variations of these words or similar expressions for the negative versions of such words or expressions) are intended to identify forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements included in this presentation are made only as of the date of this presentation and are based on our current expectations and assumptions regarding our business, the economic statements. Expect as may be required by Ites: Watch expressely disclaims any obligation to update or revise these forward-looking statements or circumstances after the date of the most recent earnings release reflected in this presentation or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events. Because forward-looking statements relate to the future by their nature, they are subject to inherent uncertainties, risks and changes in circumstances that are difficult to predict. As a result, our actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements. Important factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements of markets our inability to dintended the presentation of the related inspect or intended to disconding with th

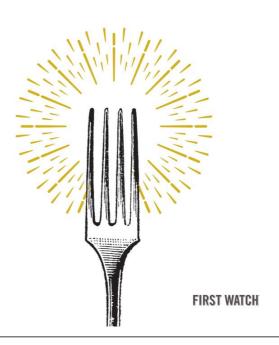
Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Unaudited)

To supplement the consolidate of financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP"), we use certain non-GAAP financial measures, which present operating results on an adjusted basis. These supplements the consolidated financial statements, which are prepared in accordance with GAAP include the following: (i) Adjusted EBITDA, margin, (iii) Restaurant level operating profit margin (collectively, the "non-GAAP financial measures"). Our presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures include in accordance with GAAP include the following: (i) Adjusted EBITDA margin, (iii) Restaurant level operating general neasures include the solidance in the factor of the sense that are either nonecurring in nature or vary from period to period without any correlation to our ongoing operations because they exclude items that are either of our ongoing operations because they exclude items that are wither nonecurring in nature or vary from ongoing business operations because they exclude items that are wither of our ongoing operations performance. Management believes that the use of freesance, (identifies operational trends and allows for greater transparency with respect to key metric sued by us in considerable and operational decision making. Our non-GAAP financial measures may not be comparable to similarly titled measures used by other companies, have important limitations as analytical tools and may not provide a complete understanding of our performance massures derived in a alternative or substitute to not includity. These non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered as an alternative or substitute to not include (loss), from operations, or any other performance measures derived in accordance with GAAP, or as alternatives to cash flow from operating activities as a measure of our liquidity. These non-GAAP financial measures derived in accordance with GAAP, or as alternative or solve the companies of the companies of the companies of the companies of the





Fiscal 2022 Performance and Commentary





Jump Start Seasonal Menu I Jan. 3 – March 13



THE TRAILBLAZER BOWL

Hand-pulled roasted turkey, houseroasted sweet potatoes, cage-free scrambled eggs, lemon tahini arugula, fresh avocado with superseed crunch and fresh herbs



CARNITAS BREAKFAST BURRITO

Pork carnitas, cage-free scrambled eggs, fresh seasoned potatoes, black beans, Cheddar and Monterey Jack cheese and fresh avocado. Wrapped in a gnilled whole wheat tortilla, covered with tomatillo hollandaise and topped with lime crema, pico de gallo, house-pickled red onion, fresh



SUPERSEED PROTEIN PANCAKES

Flax, hemp, kasha, pepitas and sunflower seeds added to our multigrain pancake batter. Served as three mid-sized pancakes topped with fresh sliced bananas, blueberries, maple-almond butter, vanilla Greek yogurt and superseed crunch. Served with warm mixed berry compote



PIIRPI F HA7F

Lemon, cane sugar, butterfly pea

FIRST WATCH

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Spring Seasonal Menu I March 21 – May 29



SHRIMP & GRITS

Our take on this Lowcountry classic features sautéed shrimp and Cajun andouille sausage reduced with chicken stock, house-roasted tomatoes, onion, green peppers and scallions, served over Bob's Red Mill Cheddar Parmesan cheese grits, with



CRAB CAKE BENEDICT

Crispy crab cakes topped with two cage-free poached eggs with sautéed baby spinach and house-made pico de gallo, covered with sriracha hollandaise and garnished with scallions and Old Bay seasoning. Served with lightly dressed organic mixed greens.



CHORIZO SUNRISE SANDWICH

A cage-free over-easy egg with two griddled chorizo sausage patties, melted Monterey Jack cheese, fresh smashed avocado, Cholula® and house-made pico de gallo on a grilled brioche bun. Served with lightly dressed organic mixed greens.



PINEAPPLE EXPRESS

Pineapple, orange, coconut water,

FIRST WATCH

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Summer Seasonal Menu I June 6 - Aug. 14



BARBACOA QUESADILLA Benedict





BLUEBERRY MUFFIN TOP GRIDDLE CAKES hree house-baked, butter-griddlet blueberry and cinnamon streusel offin tops, topped with warm mixe berry compote, fresh blueberries, strawberries, blackberries, sousemade granola and powdered cinnamon sugar.



WATERMELON WAKE-UP
Watermelon, pineapple, lime and mint.

Fall Seasonal Menu I Aug. 22 – Oct. 30



CARAMEL CRUNCH CINNAMON ROLL



MODERN CROQUE MADAME



BRISKET CORNED BEEF HASH



PUMPKIN PANCAKE BREAKFAST

Two cage-free eggs cooked any style plus one of our signature spiced Pumpkin Pancakes and a Jones Dairy Farm grilled all-natural savory chicken sausage patty.



POMAGRANATE PEAR PUNCH Pomegranate, pear, cane sugar and lime.

Holiday Seasonal Menu I Oct. 31 – Jan. 1



GINGERBREAD SPICE Donuts



CINNAMON CHIP PANCAKE BREAKFAST Two cage-free eggs cooked any style with a cinnamon chip pancake and your choice of hardwood smoked bacon or all-natural chicken, pork or turkey causave



BARBACOA BREAKFAST BURRITO Savory braised beef Barbacoa, crambled cage, free eggs, freshly easoned potatoes, seasoned black and, cheddar and Monterey Jack ni in stilled whole wheat tortilla, red chile llandaise, lime crema, housemade o de gallo, fresh smashed avocado. Cotija cheese and cilantro.



PORK GREEN CHILE HASH



CRANBERRY CRUSH

Q4 2022 & Fiscal 2022 HIGHLIGHTS



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Highlights for Q4 2022 compared to Q4 2021:

- Total revenues increased 14.2% to \$185.7 million in Q4 2022 from \$162.6 million in Q4 2021
- System-wide sales increased 15.6% to \$234.2 million in O4 2022 from \$202.7 million in O4 2021
- Same-restaurant sales growth of 7.7% (up 29.3% relative to Q4 2019*)
- Same-restaurant traffic growth of (0.6)% (up 5.2% relative to Q4 2019*) Income from operations of \$1.5 million and Income from operations margin of 0.8% in Q4 2022, respectively, compared to Loss from operations of \$(1.1) million and Loss from operations margin of (0.7)% in Q4 2021, respectively
- Restaurant level operating profit** and Restaurant level operating profit margin** of \$30.5 million and 16.7% in Q4 2022 compared to \$29.2 million and 18.2% in Q4 2021, respectively Net loss improved to \$(0.5) million in Q4 2022 compared to \$(4.7) million in Q4 2021
- Adjusted EBITDA** increased to \$15.1 million in Q4 2022 from \$14.2 million in Q4 2021 Opened 16 system-wide restaurants (11 company-owned and 5 franchise-owned) across 12 states, resulting in a total of 474 system-wide restaurants (366 company-owned and 108 franchise-owned) across 29 states

Highlights for Fiscal 2022 compared to Fiscal 2021:

- Total revenues increased 21.5% to \$730.2 million in 2022 from \$601.2 million in 2021
- System-wide sales increased 21.9% to \$914.8 million in 2022 from \$750.7 million in 2021 Same-restaurant sales growth of 14.5% (up 29.6% relative to 2019*)

- Same-restaurant traffic growth of 7.7% (up 6.5% relative to 2019*)
 Income from operations and Income from operations margin of \$16.9 million and 2.4% compared to \$22.2 million and 3.8% in 2021, respectively
 Restaurant level operating profit* and Restaurant level operating profit margin** of \$128.9 million and 17.9% compared to \$115.4 million and 19.5% in 2021, respectively
 Net income of \$6.9 million compared to Net loss of \$(2.1) million in 2021
- Adjusted EBITDA** increased to \$69.3 million from \$66.3 million in 2021
- Opened 43 system-wide restaurants (29 company-owned and 14 franchise-owned) across 16 states resulting in a total of 474 system-wide restaurants (366 company-owned and 108 franchise-owned) across 29 states

OUTLOOK



Outlook for Fiscal Year 2023:

The Company provides the following outlook for the 53-week fiscal year ended December 31, 2023:

- Same-restaurant sales growth of 6.0% to 8.0% with continued positive same-restaurant traffic growth
- Total revenue growth of 15.0% to 19.0%
- Adjusted EBITDA* in the range of \$76.0 million to \$81.0 million
- Total of 45-51 new system-wide restaurants, net of 3 company-owned restaurant closures (38 to 42 new company-owned restaurants and 10 to 12 new franchise-owned restaurants
- Capital expenditures in the range of \$100.0 million to \$110.0 million invested primarily in new restaurant projects and planned remodels
- Blended tax rate of approximately 36.0% to 38.0%

Long Term Outlook:

The Company reiterates its long-term annual financial targets as follows:

- Percentage unit growth in the low double digits
 Same-restaurant sales growth of ~3.5%
- Restaurant sales growth in the mid-teens
- Adjusted EBITDA percentage growth in the mid-teens

The Company also believes that the brand has the potential for more than 2,200 restaurants in the US.

*We have not reconciled_guidance for Adjusted EBITDA to the corresponding GAAP financial measure because we do not provide guidance for the various reconciling items. We are unable to provide guidance for these reconciling items because we cannot determine their provides are outside of our control and cannot the reasonably predicted due to the fact that these items could vary significantly from period to period. Accordingly, reconcilations to the corresponding GAAP financial measure is not available without unreasonable effort.

FIRST WATCH

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Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)



The following table summarizes our results of operations and the percentages of items in our Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss) in relation to Total revenues or, where indicated, Restaurant sales for fiscal versize 2020, 2021, 2022 and the flourth quarter of 2021 and 2021.

	THIR	TEEN WEE	KS ENDED		FISCAL YEAR								
(in thousands)	December 25	December 26, 2021		2022		2021		202	0				
Revenues													
Restaurant sales	\$182,852	98.4%	\$160,207	98.5%	\$719,181	98.5%	\$592,343	98,5%	\$337,433	98.69			
Franchise revenues	2,893	1.6%	2,413	1.5%	10,981	1.5%	8,850	1.5%	4,955	1.49			
Total revenues	185,745	100.0%	162,620	100.0%	730,162	100.0%	601,193	100.0%	342,388	100.09			
Operating costs and expenses													
Restaurant operating expenses (1)													
(exclusive of depreciation and amortization shown below):													
Food and beverage costs	43,361	23.7%	37,818	23.6%	172,561	24.0%	134,201	22.7%	76,975	22.89			
Labor and other related expenses	63,166	34.5%	52,581	32.8%	238,257	33.1%	189,167	31.9%	120,380	35.79			
Other restaurant operating expenses	28,715	15.7%	25,500	15.9%	114,476	15.9%	94,847	16.0%	61,821	18.39			
Occupancy expenses	15,601	8.5%	14,397	9.0%	59,919	8.3%	55,433	9.4%	49,450	14.79			
Pre-opening expenses	1,845	1.0%	737	0.5%	5,414	0.8%	3,310	0.6%	3,880	1.19			
General and administrative expenses	21,765	11.7%	26,028	16.0%	84,959	11.6%	70,388	11.7%	46,322	13.59			
Depreciation and amortization	8,928	4.8%	8,414	5.2%	34,230	4.7%	32,379	5.4%	30,725	9.09			
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets	348	0.2%	120	0.1%	920	0.1%	381	0.1%	315	0.19			
Transaction expenses (income), net	537	0.3%	(1,908)	(1.2)%	2,513	0.3%	(1,156)	(0.2%)	(258)	(0.1%			
Total operating costs and expenses	184,266	99.2%	163,687	100.7%	713,249	97.7%	578,950	96.3%	389,610	113.89			
Income (Loss) from operations (1)	1,479	0.8%	(1,067)	(0.7)%	16,913	2.4%	22,243	3.8%	(47,222)	(13.8%			
Interest expense	(1,738)	(0.9)%	(1,443)	(0.9)%	(5,232)	(0.7%)	(20,099)	(3.3%)	(22,815)	(6.7%			
Other income (expense), net	515	0.3%	(2,310)	(1.4)%	910	0.1%	(1,774)	(0.3%)	483	0.19			
Income (Loss) before income taxes	256	0.1%	(4,820)	(3.0)%	12,591	1.7%	370	0.1%	(69,554)	(20.3%			
Income tax (expense) benefit	(742)	(0.4)%	167	0.1%	(5,684)	(0.8%)	(2,477)	(0.4%)	19,873	5.89			
Net income (loss) and total comprehensive income (loss)	(\$486)	(0.3)%	(\$4,653)	(2.9)%	\$6,907	0.90%	(\$2,107)	(0.4%)	(\$49,681)	(14.5%			

(1) Percentages are calculated as a percentage of restaurant sales.

Selected Operating Data

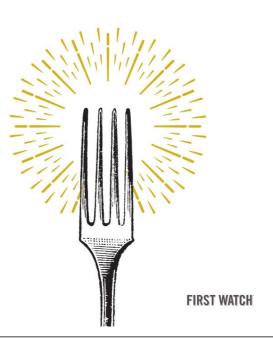


	THIRTEEN W	EEKS ENDED	FI	SCAL YEAR	
	December 25, 2022	December 26, 2021	2022	2021	2020
System-wide sales (in thousands)	\$234,228	\$202,669	\$914,816	\$750,674	\$426,303
System-wide restaurants	474	435	474	435	409
Company-owned	366	341	366	341	321
Franchise-owned	108	94	108	94	88
Same-restaurant sales growth	7.7%	36.7%	14.5%	63.0%	(29.0%)
Same-restaurant traffic growth	(0.6)%	31.9%	7.7%	52.6%	(33.9%)
Average Unit Volume (in thousands) (1)			\$2,032	\$1,786	\$1,119
Income (Loss) from operations (in thousands)	\$1,479	(\$1,067)	\$16,913	\$22,243	(\$47,222)
Income (Loss) from operations margin	0.8%	(0.7)%	2.4%	3.8%	(14.0%)
Restaurant level operating profit (in thousands) (2)	\$30,546	\$29,174	\$128,936	\$115,404	\$28,236
Restaurant level operating profit margin (2)	16.7%	18.2%	17.9%	19.5%	8.4%
Net income (loss) (in thousands)	(\$486)	(4,653)	\$6,907	(\$2,107)	(\$49,681)
Net income (loss) margin	(0.3)%	(2.9)%	0.9%	(0.4%)	(14.5%)
Adjusted EBITDA (in thousands) (3)	\$15,102	\$14,167	\$69,278	\$66,301	(\$5,744)
Adjusted EBITDA margin (3)	8.1%	8.7%	9.5%	11.0%	(1.7%)

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⁽¹⁾ Average unit volume presented on an annual basis only.
(2) Reconciliations from income (Loss) from operations and income (Loss) (3) Reconciliations from Net income (Boss) and Net income (Boss) margin, the FIRST WATCH

APPENDIX



ATTRACTIVE NEW UNIT ECONOMICS IN A SIZE THAT WORKS EVERYWHERE

Our flexible box size of \sim 3,000–6,600 square feet with an average net build-out cost of \sim \$0.9M-\$1.4M allows us to fit in any real estate and we can succeed in many markets







AR 3 YEAR 3 ANT-LEVEL CASH-ON-CASH RETURNS (2)





FIRST WATER

(1) Representative of our target. 3 year new units performance, which is companible to the historical 3-year performance of our new resources. (2) Cash-on-Cash Return is defined as Resources Lead Operating Profit including gift can't brookings and defined next expense (incomed) in the dispersion of personal providers of a company-owned resources operated through the respective coloring year. (In personal providers are a 2002 controlled operation and of a company-owned resources operated through the respective coloring year. (In personal 2002 controlled operation gives of all company-owned resources operated through the respective coloring year.)

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HISTORICAL DATA



Same-Restaurant Sales & Traffic Growth

			2019 2020						2021				2022							
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY
Same-Restaurant Sales Growth	6.3%	6.2%	5.1%	4.6%	5.6%	(10.7%)	(75.9%)	(17.2%)	(11.3%)	(29.0%)	14.1%	403.5%	46.2%	36.7%	63.0%	27.2%	13.4%	12.0%	7.7%	14.5%
Same-Restaurant Traffic Growth	3.0%	2.4%	0.6%	0.2%	1.6%	(14.2%)	(77.2%)	(24.3%)	(19.1%)	(33.9%)	2.2%	360.9%	40.1%	31.9%	52.6%	21.9%	8.1%	3.7%	(0.6%)	7.7%
Comparable Restaurant Base	168	168	168	168	168	212	212	212	212	212	270	270	270	269	269	305	304	303	301	301

Same-Restaurant Sales & Traffic Growth vs. 2019*

	2021 vs. 2019				2022 vs. 2019					
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY
Same-Restaurant Sales Growth	0.5%	16.3%	19.7%	20.6%	14.3%	26.1%	30.2%	32.7%	29.3%	29.6%
Same-Restaurant Traffic Growth	(13.6%)	1.0%	4.8%	6.1%	(0.5%)	3.4%	7.4%	7.0%	5.2%	6.5%
Comparable Restaurant Base	211	211	211	210	210	209	208	208	207	207

^{*} Comparison to 2019 is presented for enhanced comparability due to the economic impact of COVID-19

Pre-opening Expenses**

			2020					2021					2022		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	FY
Other restaurant operating expenses	\$ 976	\$ 37	\$ 686	\$256	\$1,955	\$ 724	\$649	\$280	\$402	\$2,055	\$648	\$ 563	\$ 813	\$1,301	\$3,325
Occupancy expenses	522	541	422	440	1,925	440	250	230	335	1,255	337	531	677	544	\$2,089
Total Pre-onening expenses	\$1.498	\$578	\$1.108	\$696	\$3.880	\$1.164	\$899	\$510	\$737	\$3 310	\$985	\$1.094	\$1.490	\$1.845	\$5,414

^{**} Pre-opening expenses are presented in one line item on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES



Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin

Management uses Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin () as factors in evaluating management's performance when determining incentive compensation, (ii) to evaluate the Company's operating results and the effectiveness of our business strategies, (iii) internally as benchmarks to compare the Company's performance to that of its competitors and (iv) to provide investors with additional transparency of the Company's operations. The use of Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin as performance measures permit a comparative assessment of the Company's operating performance relative to the Company's performance based on the Company's GAAP results, while isolating the effects of some items that are either nonrecurring in nature or vary from period to period without any correlation to the Company's ongoing core operating performance.

The following tables reconcile Net income (loss) and Net income (loss) margin, the most directly comparable GAAP measures, to Adjusted EBITDA and Adjusted EBITDA margin, respectively, for the periods indicated.

	THIRTEEN WEE	KS ENDED	F	ISCAL YEAR	
(in thousands)	December 25, 2022	December 26, 2021	2022	2021	2020
Net income (loss)	(\$486)	(\$4,653)	\$6,907	(\$2,107)	(\$49,681)
Depreciation and amortization	8,928	8,414	34,230	32,379	30,725
Interest expense	1,738	1,443	5,232	20,099	22,815
Income taxes	742	(167)	5,684	2,477	(19,873)
EBITDA	10,922	5,037	52,053	52,848	(16,014)
IPO-readiness and strategic transition costs (1)	367	647	2,318	2,402	4,247
Stock-based compensation (2)	2,553	7,850	10,374	8,596	750
Loss on extinguishment of debt		2,403		2,403	-
Transaction expenses (income), net (3)	537	(1,908)	2,513	(1,156)	(258
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets (4)	348	120	920	381	315
Recruiting and relocation costs (5)	111	18	681	351	228
Severance costs			155	265	239
Delaware Voluntary Disclosure Agreement Program (6)	149		149	-	
Costs in connection with natural disasters, net of insurance recoveries (7)	115	7/2	115		
COVID-19 - related charges (6)			- 8	211	4,749
Adjusted EBITDA	\$15,102	\$14,167	\$69,278	\$66,301	(\$5,744)
Total revenues	\$185,745	\$162,620	\$730,162	\$601,193	\$342,388
Net income (loss) margin	(0.3)%	(2.9)%	0.9%	(0.4)%	(14.5)%
Adjusted EBITDA Margin	8.1%	8.7%	9.5%	11.0%	(1.7)%
Additional information					
Deferred rent expense (income) (9)	\$507	(\$48)	\$2,418	(\$2,011)	\$10,087

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES



Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating profit margin

Restaurant level operating profit margin

Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating profit margin are not indicative of our overall results, and because they exclude corporate-level expenses, do not accrue directly to the benefit of our stockholders. We will continue to incur such expenses in the future. Restaurant level operating profit angin are important measures we use to evaluate the performance and profitability of each operating restaurant, individually and in the aggregate and to make decisions regarding future spending and other operational decisions. We believe that Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating trofit and Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating trofit and Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating profit

The following tables reconcile Income (Loss) from operations and Income (Loss) from operations margin, the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures; to Restaurant level operating profit and Restaurant level operating profit margin, respectively, for the periods indicated.

	THIRTEEN WI	EEKS ENDED	F	ISCAL YEAR	
(in thousands)	December 25, 2022	December 26, 2021	2021	2021	2020
Income (Loss) from operations	\$1,479	(\$1,067)	\$16,913	\$22,243	(\$47,222
Less: Franchise revenues	(2,893)	(2,413)	(10,981)	(8,850)	(4,955)
Add:					
General and administrative expenses	21,765	26,028	84,959	70,388	46,322
Depreciation and amortization	8,928	8,414	34,230	32,379	30,725
Transaction expenses (income), net (1)	537	(1,908)	2,513	(1,156)	(258)
Impairments and loss on disposal of assets (2)	348	120	920	381	315
Costs in connection with natural disasters (3)	382		382	-	
COVID-19 related charges (4)				19	3,309
Restaurant level operating profit	\$30,546	\$29,174	\$128,936	\$115,404	\$28,236
Restaurant sales	\$182,852	\$160,207	\$719,181	\$592,343	\$337,433
Income (Loss) from operations margin	0.8%	(0.7)%	2.4%	3.8%	(14.0%)
Restaurant level operating profit margin	16.7%	18.2%	17.9%	19.5%	8.4%
Additional information					
Deferred rent expense (income) (5)	\$457	(\$97)	\$2,219	(\$2,075)	\$10,029

⁽¹⁾ Sepresant; (i) revolutions of contingent consideration payable to previous stockholders for tax surings generated through the use of defend and state loss carryforwards and general business credits that had been accumulated from operations prior to August 2017, (ii) gains or losses associated with lease contract terminations, (iii) costs incurred in connection with the acqualition of financiars contract terminations, (iii) costs incurred in connection with the acqualition of financiars, (iv) costs related to escharant offerings of the Company's common stock.

⁽²⁾ Represents costs related to the disposal of assets due to retirements, replacements or certain restaurant closures and natural disasters. There were no impairments recognized during the periods presented (2) Represents costs incrured in conception with Nutricinanal Inc.

⁽⁴⁾ Represents costs incurred in connection with Hurricane Ian.

sents the non-cash portion of straight-line rent expense recorded within Occupancy expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Operations and Comprehensive Income (Loss

DEFINITIONS



The following definitions apply to these terms as used in this presentation:

Adjusted EBITDA: a non-GAAP financial measure, is defined as net income (loss) before depreciation and amortization, interest expense, income taxes and items that the Company does not consider in the evaluation of its ongoing core operating performance.

Adjusted EBITDA margin: a non-GAAP financial measure, is defined as Adjusted EBITDA as a percentage of total revenues.

Average Unit Volume: the total restaurant sales (excluding gift card breakage) recognized in the comparable restaurant base, which is defined as the number of company-owned First Watch branded restaurants open for 18 months or longer as of the beginning of the fiscal year ("Comparable Restaurant Base"), divided by the number of restaurants in the Comparable Restaurant Base during the period. This measurement allows management to assess changes in consumer spending patterns at our restaurants and the overall performance of our restaurant base.

Restaurant level operating profit: a non-GAAP financial measure, is defined as restaurant sales, less restaurant operating expenses, which include food and beverage costs, labor and other related expenses, other restaurant operating expenses and occupancy expenses. Restaurant level operating profit excludes corporate-level expenses and items that are not considered in the Company's evaluation of its ongoing core operating performance.

Restaurant level operating profit margin: a non-GAAP financial measure, is defined as Restaurant level operating profit as a percentage of restaurant sales.

Same-restaurant sales growth: the percentage change in year-over-year restaurant sales (excluding gift card breakage) for the Comparable Restaurant Base

Same-restaurant traffic growth: the percentage change in traffic counts as compared to the same period in the prior year using the Comparable Restaurant Base.

System-wide restaurants: the total number of restaurants, including all company-owned and franchise-owned restaurants.

System-wide sales: consists of restaurant sales from our company-owned restaurants and franchise-owned restaurants. We do not recognize the restaurant sales from our franchise-owned restaurants as revenue.

